

# Thomas Gordon

Gentlemen:

Ecology's FEIS states:

"Dredging and in-water work would result in temporary increases in suspended sediment and turbidity." at 4.5-21.

"Release of creosote would occur from the removal of existing creosote-treated timber piles associated with two pile dikes. Creosote is composed of more than 300 chemicals, including PAHs, which have been shown to be fatal to marine life (Washington State Department of Natural Resources 2008) ...The removal of creosote-treated piling would result in temporary suspension of sediments and a potential long-term increase in the exposure of creosote in the project area." at 4.5-22.

Research has shown there are no safe levels of polyaromatic hydrocarbons, (PAHs). While the PAHs may not outright kill the salmon and other species, the young will have deformities and difficulty with their gills, resulting in later death or inability to reproduce.

Please deny this permit.

Thank You, Tom Gordon