

## Linda Leonard

Reading the DSSEIS the Climate Science Special Report developed by the U.S. Global Change Research Program (USGCRP) predicts a similar set of impacts including (Mote et al 2014):

Increased average annual temperatures.

Change in average annual precipitation.

Lower stream flows west of the Cascades.

Increased wildfires, insect outbreaks and diseases leading to widespread tree die-off.

"In Washing state, more acres were burned Monday than were charred in the past 12 fire seasons," Governor Jay Inslee said, "and dry conditions continue to fuel the blazes. In one eastern Washington town flames destroyed more than 80% of homes and public infrastructure." This is a new reality we're living in with a changing climate," he added.

Governor Inslee announced his opposition against the methanol project, sending a strong signal against fossil fuel stating "the impacts of climate change are already coming to bear and scientists are saying that unless we reduce carbon emissions by half over the next decade, we will reach a irreversible tipping point."

Is this the direction the state of Washington wants to go by locking in 40 years of fracked gas to methanol from the Kalama Manufacturing and Marine Export Facility in Kalama?

As a resident of Kalama, I am concerned for the health and safety of the citizens in this community from the risks of this proposed refinery. I am urging the Department of Ecology to reject the proposed methanol refinery from proceeding.