

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, a fundamental purpose of government is to protect the health, safety, and welfare of citizens; and

WHEREAS, there is significant evidence that shale gas development, and its related operations, which include all the phases of the hydraulic fracturing ("fracking") process, from the first stage of industrial land preparation; to the storage, handling and use of chemicals and additives for extraction and stimulation; to drilling and fracking; to the withdrawal of and degradation of large volumes of water and its discharge and disposal as waste, has adverse effects on public health, property interests, agriculture, and on our air, water, and land; and

WHEREAS, in the most recent statistical analysis of the body of scientific literature by the Concerned Health Professionals of New York and Physicians for Social Responsibility, 685 peer reviewed papers examining gas drilling and/or fracking were reviewed, and the overwhelming majority of studies found evidence of or potential adverse impacts on water, air, and human health; and

WHEREAS, the negative impacts of shale gas development are documented in neighboring Pennsylvania's active shale field by Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection certification of 292 private water well contamination cases that were determined by the agency to have been caused by oil and gas operations;¹ and

WHEREAS, the EPA's most recently released fracking study provides scientific evidence that fracking activities can impact drinking water resources and includes water impacts from shale gas in the Pennsylvania community of Dimock; and

WHEREAS, neither New Jersey nor the Delaware River Basin Commission has conducted a comprehensive assessment of the cumulative and long-term impacts of fracking and related shale gas development activities; and

WHEREAS, the absence of such an assessment makes it impossible to determine whether shale gas development can proceed safely and prevents the appropriate management of the harms associated with shale gas development, including risks to public health, property values and the clean air and water upon which all citizens and businesses depend; and

WHEREAS, the shale gas industry has received unprecedented exemptions from our nation's most important environmental and public health laws, including the Safe Drinking Water Act, Clean Air Act, and the Clean Water Act; and

WHEREAS, after exhaustive study, New York has prohibited high-volume hydraulic fracturing and Maryland has prohibited all fracking in their states; and

WHEREAS, shale gas development in the watershed has highly significant cumulative climate impacts. Natural gas is primarily methane, a greenhouse gas 86 times more efficient at trapping heat than carbon over a 20-year time frame, and its effects persist for hundreds of years. The well-documented vented and fugitive losses from natural gas systems contribute to atmospheric warming; current technology and practices have not controlled these releases. The emissions are so great that it is projected that their release from the build out of Marcellus shale will prevent the achievement of global warming goals in Pennsylvania, accelerating climate change and its impacts on all watershed states. Climate change impacts on the basin's

water resources include changes in precipitation and runoff that increase flooding and drought, impairment of habitats and water quality (including salt water intrusion to Delaware Estuary water supplies) and sea level rise; and

- WHEREAS, the Delaware River Basin Commission has in place a moratorium that currently prohibits natural gas development, including drilling, fracking, wastewater processing and discharges from and water withdrawals for drilling and fracking operations, in the Delaware River Basin; and

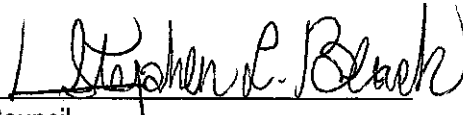
WHEREAS, the Township supports the continuation of these DRBC prohibitions; and

WHEREAS, the Delaware River Basin Commission is actively considering the possibility of draft regulations that include "prohibitions related to the production of natural gas utilizing horizontal drilling and hydraulic fracturing within the Basin," but also the allowance for "...storage, treatment, disposal and/or discharge of wastewater within the basin associated with horizontal drilling and hydraulic fracturing for the production of natural gas where permitted" and "...the inter-basin transfer of water and wastewater for purposes of natural gas development where permitted"; and

WHEREAS, the Township considers that the weight of evidence shows that natural gas development and its operations cannot be done safely and/or without degrading the exceptional water quality of the Delaware River and tributary streams;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that:

1. The Township calls upon the Delaware River Basin Commission to enact a complete and permanent ban on natural gas development and fracking and all related activities (including drilling, fracking, wastewater processing and discharges from and water withdrawals for drilling and fracking operations) throughout the Basin.
2. That an official copy of this resolution be filed with the Delaware River Basin Commission, 25 Cosey Road, P.O. Box 7360, West Trenton, NJ 08628-0360


Council


Stephen K. Pote, Mayor

Date: March 15, 2018
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C: Env. Commission