and destructive climate changes to the region and climate. Fracking in neighboring states will eventually poison the air we breathe, the water we drink and the food we eat.

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We need to ban fracking, not support fracking in our region.

I'm not against businesses making money and people being able to earn a living, but it cannot be at the expense of our water, food and climate. Thank you.

## HEARING OFFICER:

Okay. Thank you, ma'am.

Bruce Rosen, please, and then Faith

Zerbe and then Ned Fink. Okay, Mr.

Rosen.

## MR. ROSEN:

Hi. My name is Bruce

Rosen. I'm a retired city planner from 
New York City and a product of its 
public schools from kindergarten 
through my Baccalaureate. I mention 
that because when I was in junior high 
school, one of our classes was earth 
science.

And we, of course, got to use what created the area, which is constant glaciers, so both the landscape and the hydrology. One of the things that we were told --- I was in a part of Queens that draws water from the aquifer as opposed to most of the rest of the city drawing from upstate --- was that because of the salinity balance, eventually, we, too, were going to be drawing from that same water source.

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Well, in the same way that Brooklyn was taken out of the aquifer in the beginning of the 20th century, a million people in southern Queens ended their --- at the close of the 20th century.

So all 8.6 million people in New York City are now drawing water from the Delaware basin, and coming behind them, as you were told, the 2.8 million people in Nassau and Suffolk Counties.

Now, despite a million

people exiting in Queens, there's a salinity problem that Nassau is facing. And all the coastal area, which is very largely New York and New Jersey has the same balance problem. So we're now talking about 17 million people being dependent upon keeping this extraordinary resource of fresh water. Double that.

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That's the number of people that are all over New Jersey, lower New York, southeastern

Pennsylvania and all of Delaware, 33 million people. So we cannot touch that water. By the way, as --- as you may know, our Attorney General is suing the firm that was based in our state that lied about what to do about climate change.

The family that got wealthy over that firm, their foundation is now withdrawing from that industry. That industry, as you know, was born in the State of Pennsylvania in the mid 19th century.

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So we've had a lot of illusions and delusions that have profoundly affected the way public and private investments have been made, and we cannot continue to do this. We have as much fresh water on the planet, actually less than when human beings appeared, and we have to properly protect the water that we have.

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So in no way should the water resources of the Delaware River basin be used for resources like this. Thank you very much.

## HEARING OFFICER:

Faith Zerbe, please. And then it would be Nick Fink and then Lois Ann Oleska. Okay. Ms. Zerbe, when you're ready.

## MS. ZERBE:

Good afternoon. Thank

you to the DRBC for holding the

hearings, but as many of our folks have

talked about, there certainly are not

hearings in the other basin states

where 17 million people get their