	231
1	MS. WARD:
2	It is.
3	HEARING OFFICER:
4	Okay. Thank you, ma'am.
5	MS. WARD:
6	My name is Carol Ward.
7	And I'm a member of the food
8	and water watch. I've been
9	involved with the fracking
10	issue for several years. And
11	what I'm going to say is my own
12	view. I don't speak for food
13	and water watch. I speak for
14	myself.
15	Fracking is not really a
16	benign process. My two major
17	concerns with it are health and
18	environmental considerations.
19	These considerations are urgent
20	as so many people have said in
21	this room.
22	Once a stream, aquifer,
23	or a river is polluted by
24	fracked wastewater or chemicals
25	used in fracking, they are

1 never the same.

Companies who do the fracking use some or all of 3,062 known chemicals. And I'll just repeat a few of them benzene, boron, diesel fuel, chloralamide, ethylene glycal, hydrochloric acid, sodium hydroxide.

I felt so bad for

Dimock, upstate Pennsylvania,

and some of the people whose

farm animals died immediately

upon drinking one part of a

fracked water pool.

And I felt bad for the people that got continuous seizures from --- they didn't even know that the water they were drinking up there was fracked and contaminated.

Fracking fluid that is pumped out of the ground contains radioactive minerals that can kill animal and plant

life. Negative effects after ingesting or touching fracking fluid can do damage to skin, eyes, sensitive organs, respiratory systems, gastrointestinal system, liver, brain and cardiovascular.

I'm concerned about the reproductive aspect. Babies borne to women who live within ten miles of natural gas wells can be born with congenital heart defects, as well as possibly defects to the brain and spinal cord defects.

For these reasons and because concrete wells in fracking can crack, and pipes burst, and their contamination of wells, methane can cause explosions. And for all these reasons, I favor a complete ban on the fracking of the Delaware River Basin. And this must be permanent. Because the

234 1 population is just too high 2 along the banks of the Delaware 3 River to lose this precious 4 resource. 5 Our health depends on 6 keeping the river safe. Thank 7 you for hearing my remarks. And thank you for making 8 9 available a chance to speak. 10 HEARING OFFICER: 11 Thank you, ma'am. Carl 12 Balis. And then Claudia Crane. 13 And followed by Sandra Folzer. 14 MR. BALIS: 15 My name is Carl Balis. 16 And I live in Glenolden, 17 Pennsylvania, which is only a 18 couple miles from here. I 19 don't have really too much to 20 say here because everything 2.1 that needs to be said has been 22 said by about 50 or 60 people 23 before me.

stand as one more person who

just basically want to

24

25