

Stephen Usoz

As the commissioners were previously notified on the deleterious impact this type of plant has on the surrounding environment (2024 - application for Upper Hoback Rd), the facts have not changed. The type of plant is in the top 6 polluters within the United States. It is outside of the scope for environmental protection, and certainly a health hazard within a 5-7 mile radius of the location.

This application fails across the board on its conclusions and lack of safeguards. Due to its proximity to the waterways and migration paths an E.I.R (environmental impact report) is needed before any temporary or permanent permit is issued.

See "Portland Cement Association v. Ruckelshaus

United States Court of Appeals, District of Columbia Circuit

Jun 29, 1973

486 F.2d 375 (D.C. Cir. 1973)*

1. [https://www.epa.gov/enforcement/cement-manufacturing-enforcement-initiative#:~:text=Health%20and%20Environmental%20Effects%20of%20Cement%20Plant%20Emissions,-Cement%20plants%20are&text=Sulfur%20dioxide%20\(SO2\)%20in.%2C%20children%2C%20and%20the%20elderly.](https://www.epa.gov/enforcement/cement-manufacturing-enforcement-initiative#:~:text=Health%20and%20Environmental%20Effects%20of%20Cement%20Plant%20Emissions,-Cement%20plants%20are&text=Sulfur%20dioxide%20(SO2)%20in.%2C%20children%2C%20and%20the%20elderly.)