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It is time for the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) to follow through on its duty to assess individual "inert" ingredients used in organic production. In creating the original regulations for the National Organic Program (NOP), USDA—based on the recommendation of the National Organic Standards Board (NOSB)—decided to postpone the evaluation of so-called "inert" ingredients until active materials had been reviewed for the National List of Allowed and Prohibited Substances. The first regulation and all subsequent revisions have allowed the use of "inert" ingredients on EPA Lists 4A ("minimal risk inert ingredients") and 4B ("other ingredients for which EPA has sufficient information to reasonably conclude that the current use pattern in pesticide products will not adversely affect public health or the environment"). A limited number on List 3 ("inerts of unknown toxicity") were allowed in pheromone products.