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The National Organic Program must immediately publish a list of all known 'inerts' known to be used in organic production, with a request that all registrants of products approved for organic production to notify AMS if their products contain other 'inert' ingredients. USDA must allocate resources to review substances that are identified. The NOSB must evaluate the substances within five years of publication of the list and the USDA must complete rulemaking in accordance with OFPA and NOSB recommendations. Most importantly, known endocrine-disrupting and persistent organic pollutants such as nonylphenol ethoxylates (NPEs), per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), bisphenols, and orthophthalates- should not be permitted.